

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 17.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1896.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

J. G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate, Etc. Agent for the Manitoba and North West Land Co. Office, High St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose St., Regina.

A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M. Office in Hole's block, cor. Main and River streets.

D. R. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. **SURGEON DENTIST**. Will visit Moose Jaw the 29th and 30th of each month. Regina office open from 18th to 29th of each month.

H. McDUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

W. J. BROTHERTON, watch expert Graduate of the American Horological Society. Special attention given to repairing and adjusting railroad watches Office, South Railway St., Regina.

J. A. MACDONALD, GENERAL BLACKSMITH, HIGH ST., MOOSE JAW.

R-I-P-A-N. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

O. B. FYSH, Auctioneer & Valuator.

Orders for Auction Sales or Bailiff's work left at office, Town Hall block, will receive prompt attention.

JNO. BRASS, Tin & Sheet Iron Worker.

MAIN STREET, - - MOOSE JAW.

E. Simpson & Co.

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, --- WINDOWS AND DOORS, --- MOULDINGS, &c.

Now is the time to put Rubber weather strips around your windows and doors.

Terms Spot Cash

Octavius : Field

Wholesale Dealer and Importer of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandies, London Old Tom and Holland Gine, Rums, Ports, Sherries, Champagnes, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ginger and Native Wines, Liqueurs and Bitters, Bees' Ale and Guinness' Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc. Terms Spot Cash. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Business hours from 8 to 12 o'clock.

OFFICIAL TIME WAGHORN'S GUIDE, 5c

Aberdeen House

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

I wish to inform the people of Moose Jaw and the general public that I have assumed control of the Aberdeen House and in future it will be run under my management. The building has been thoroughly renovated and kalsomined throughout and furnished in first class style. No pains will be spared to make the Aberdeen the best boarding house in town

D. D. MacLEOD.

NEW BUTCHER SHOP

I take this opportunity of informing the people of Moose Jaw and district, that I have opened up a new butcher shop in the premises lately occupied by Mr. D. McMillan, and will constantly have on hand a large stock of all kinds of fresh and cured meats, which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Fish and game in season. Hoping you will favor me with a call and a share of your patronage, I am

Yours truly,
J. H. SMITH.
Sept 1st, '96.

For Winter Use

I have just received from some of the best houses in Toronto and Collingwood, the

LARGEST CONSIGNMENT OF CANDIE

Ever brought to Moose Jaw; also Snow and other choice Apples. Ask for prices.

.....Thos. Healey.

Try Our Tobacco and Cigars.

Jas. Saunders,

THE CONFECTIONER,

Has Removed.

I have just removed my business across the street to one of Mr. Bellamy's new stores, where I have secured increased accommodation, and am now prepared to supply the wants of the public with everything in the confectionery line. A large, fresh stock of candies, etc., is expected daily, so don't forget to try them. Our winter apples are going fast.

JAS. SAUNDERS.

Try Riddel's Biscuits.....

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c yd

LUMBER

I am now unloading cars and prepared, with a full stock of lumber and building material to meet the requirements of the town and district.

Owing to the restricted credit of the past year being more disappointing than the "indiscriminate distribution" of former years, there will be no further.

- CREDIT -

..All accounts are now....closed....

Prices will be kept low as possible and every effort made to serve the public.

H. McDUGALL.

July 30th, 1896.

- MUSIC -

Mrs. M. L. Shaw (Medalist)
Teacher of Piano, Organ or Guitar.

Pupil of Profs. Veitner and Zeigler, of New York; also of Carl Stissing of Cologne, Germany; desires to inform the citizens of Moose Jaw and surrounding country, that she is prepared to teach the piano, organ or guitar. Rudiments of music theoretically taught in all its branches.

Terms: \$6.00 per quarter of 20 half-hour lessons, two per week, on piano or organ. \$8.00 per quarter of half hour lessons, once per week, on guitar. The one-half to be paid on completion of one-half quarter. For further particulars apply to

Mrs. M. L. Shaw.

: REMOVAL :

Owing to the great increase of our business since opening up here, we have found it necessary to engage a more commodious building, and have removed our stock to the town hall block, where customers will find us in a much better position to attend to their wants. Thanking our customers for the confidence placed in us since opening business a year ago, we assure them that they will always find us ready to pick up the newest and most up to date styles obtainable, for we buy from the best houses in Canada. Call and inspect our stock and see us in our new quarters.

W. N. MITCHELL.

Snap...

...Snaps

AT T. W. ROBINSON'S

This : Week

Here are a few ! When in Toronto I bought at auction 90 pairs of men's long felt boots, worth \$3.00 per pair, you may have them for \$2.00; men's long felt boots (pull out sock) worth \$3.50, for \$2.25; and they cannot be repeated at the price, so get a pair before they all go. Headquarters for Rubbers, Overshoes, Etc.,—\$400.00 bought at auction.

Boots and Shoes.

We are now fully equipped in all lines of footwear from the smallest to the largest sizes. SEE OUR STOCK. Boy's elastic side boots, regular price \$1.50 for \$1.10; men's laced boots, regular price \$1.75 for \$1.35.

Get One of These.....

\$5.00 SUITS

.....Best Value Shown.

See our men's pants from \$1.00 up. In men's underwear we excel. Look over our stock and you'll find just what suits you in price and quality. See our special Scotch underwear for \$1.70 a suit, worth \$2.00.

GLOVES AND MITTS—All prices, styles and qualities, a much larger and more varied stock than ever before placed on our counters, with close prices.

DON'T FORGET

That we carry a full line of house furnishing goods, white and grey blankets—special values,—white flannelette blankets \$1.10 up, also comforters from \$1.00 to \$5.00, pillows, cushions, pillow shams, pillow cases,—ready made 50 cents a pair; grain bags in cotton and jute. We would invite purchasers to inspect our stock and get prices. A car load of groceries just placed in stock at T. W.

Robinson's

A comfortable dwelling for sale or to let.

Anniversary Services.

The Rev. A. W. Ross, chairman of the Calgary district, will conduct the anniversary services in the Methodist church on Sunday next. The subject in the morning will be "Gethsemane," and in the evening "An Important Question by Jesus Christ." On the following Monday evening Mr. Ross will deliver a lecture in the church on "Bishop Taylor, of Africa," at which a collection will be taken. All are cordially invited to attend all the services. The trustee board has for the past three years made these services the occasion for soliciting a free-will offering from the people, in order to provide funds to meet the running expenses of the church. Circulars have been distributed among the members of the congregation asking for the sum of two hundred dollars for this purpose, which is a little advance on that asked last year.

The Fire Guard Machine.

Mr. Caniff, the inventor of the machine for burning fire guards, was in Regina some days last week, and on Monday gave an exhibition of the working of the machine in presence of a number of Members of the Assembly. While the test was not so satisfactory as could be desired, yet it could be seen that a feasible principle was embodied in the machine, and Mr. Caniff is confident that he will be able to make such alterations and improvements as will make it workable. He is himself highly satisfied with the degree of efficiency already attained. While most of the people imagined that the machine might be made and set to work at once and steadily, Mr. Caniff recognized that it would take a series of trials and experiments and perhaps some disappointments to reach a state of comparative perfection. He has no doubt that the principle is workable, and he is giving study to the perfecting of details.

Town Council.

Couns. Hannah, Grayson and Wellington were the absentees from last Monday's meeting of the city aldermen, which was held as usual in the clerk's office, at 8 o'clock in the evening. His Worship Mayor Bogue presided. Minutes of the meetings held on Sept. 28th and October 12th were read, and approved, and the clerk read the following accounts which were, on motion by Coun. Herrier, seconded by Coun. Wilson, ordered to be paid:—Robt. Soudier, \$16.80; H. U. Morrison, \$7.80; Alfred Bryant, \$4.50; Jno. Stevant, \$3.00; J. Furnis, \$1.00; H. Dilabough, \$26.93. The Inspector's salary for the month of October was also ordered to be paid, and the communication of Walter Little, regarding the rearing of a Manitoba street bridge, was filed for future reference.

On motion by Coun. Healey, seconded by Coun. Herrier, Mr. H. Dillabough was authorized to continue to take charge of the scales as ordered by the Mayor, until further arrangements are made by the Council. Mr. Dillabough was also granted a license for feed and sale stable for balance of this year for five dollars.

Still at Large.

"Bad Young Man," the Macleod murderer, has so far succeeded in baffling the efforts put forth by the police to capture him, and considerable surprise has been expressed that he should have been able to do so. "If these persons knew the country," says the Macleod Gazette, "there would be no occasion for surprise. In the first place the fugitive is a very clever Indian, and in the second place as long as he is able to remain in the brush or timber, it is next to impossible to corner him. A number of the police who are after him are old and successful hands at this sort of business, and they have been assisted by Indians, who should know something about it, and civilians. The brush in the big tons near the Pigeon reserve is so thick that it is next to impossible to force a way through it, and one could pass within a few feet of a man and not see him. Everything that experience and skill can suggest has been done and is being done, and we believe that the murderer's capture is only a matter of a very short time now. Major Steele and the officers and men under him deserve the greatest credit for the energy and perseverance with which they have followed this Indian. They have kept him dodging, and are giving him a very uncomfortable time of it."

Roadmaster McTaggart's extra gang will finish the ballasting of the 800 line this fall.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c yd

To Prorogue To-Day.

The Legislative Assembly is expected to prorogue this afternoon. All the northern Alberta members, excepting Mr. Tims, left for home on Wednesday. An interesting outline of important proceedings will be given next week.

The Wheat Market.

The local wheat market has been pretty even this week, No. 1 bringing about 56 cents, No. 2, 53 cents and No. 3, 47 cents. Local buyers say that they expect a big jump next week after the Presidential election, which is causing American capital to be withheld from the market. Deliveries have not been very brisk on the Moose Jaw market yet, but large shipments have been made from Caron and Bohara.

Looking For Trouble.

Quite a sensation was caused in Victoria the other day over the announcement that Dr. Milne, the defeated Liberal candidate for Victoria, had received a challenge from Jno. A. Duncan to fight a duel with pistols. Duncan is a brother of the quarantine officer at William-head, who was dismissed for allowing a small pox suspect to vote at the Dominion election. Milne, while in Ottawa, received threatening telegrams from J. Duncan, who called on him. Hot words followed about his brother's dismissal, and Milne ordered Duncan out of his office. On Saturday Milne received a letter from Duncan, the contents of which were: "You called me a damned liar. That means a duel with pistols at six paces. Name your second within forty-eight hours or take the consequences." Dr. Milne placed the letter in the hands of a lawyer. The penalty for the offense is three years in the penitentiary.

Stony Beach.

Mr. A. Hagerly recently shipped out a car of wheat for which he realized 67 cents per bushel.

Miss Bessie O'Connell spent a few days at the Beach last week.

Our Sunday school report shows a decline in falling from 100 to 80. He prefers visiting on the Sabbath to performing his duties as a superintendent.

Mr. Thos. Forbush has engaged with A. Hagerly during the threshing season.

Rev. Mr. Robinson preached here on Sunday last.

Henry Hagerly had the misfortune to sprain his ankle a short time ago. Fond hopes are entertained for his recovery.

What takes Wm. Dillabough south every Sunday evening? He is a full Billy, that you don't get lost.

"Swift" got all the potatoes he could get, and he is a very hard luck as he is about to lose his double harness.

HAWEY

Caron.

The farmers in this vicinity are rejoicing over the fine thrashing weather we are enjoying at present. Operations commenced in earnest this morning at the farm of "Old Old Johnny."

A number of our town people are suffering from severe colds.

Among our late visitors were Mrs. Thompson and Mr. Wilson, of Moose Jaw, who gave us a call last Sabbath.

The Caron "slugger," accompanied by his best girl, drove over to West View Sunday evening, but was disappointed in not hearing a sermon, so they returned home. We presume "Bob" preached the sermon on the way back.

Mrs. Hugh Scott returned on Monday evening's train from a week's visit to her mother, at Swift Current.

Our policeman seems to have taken a great fancy for Mr. P. Powell's clock of late. We wonder which is the attraction, pie or the clock.

Query:—Say, Frank, what are you looking for? Pie or peddling? Ans.: I have had neither for three days.

Mr. Robt. Brown and Mr. Robt. Toban visited Grey Rock farm on Sunday last. Seems to be a powerful magnet there, Bob.

Mr. Et. Hawkes, of Lake View ranch, visited Caron on Monday.

Mrs. Sheldon, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hans, for the past month, intends returning to Maple Creek on Wednesday next. Miss Lizzie Hans will accompany her.

JUMPED UP.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each.

All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1896.

Li Hung Chang has been appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs. This will result in increased foreign trade with China.

The *Nor' Wester*, the youngest of Winnipeg's three daily papers, has come out as a morning and evening paper and the size of the publication has been doubled.

Being asked by a Winnipeg reporter if he had settled his disputes with the Conservative party, Hon. Clarke Wallace replied: "We are the Conservative party. Those who went in for 'separate schools' were going against 'the recognized Conservative principles.' We are the same to day as ever." According to that version the Conservative party was small indeed at the time of voting on the remedial bill.

It is announced from Ottawa that a trio of the Privy Council, including Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. Mr. Fielding, and Hon. Mr. Patterson, will compose a committee to visit the centres of trade and industry with a view of eliciting information regarding the workings of the tariff and as to desired changes. Intimation is also given that the committee will not visit the west. However, it is hoped that in framing their fiscal policy the government will realize that the farmers of the west demand that they be relieved of paying an undue proportion of the nation's taxation.

At a meeting of the standards boards while in session at Winnipeg last week, the following resolution was passed regarding the mixing of different grades of wheat in cargoes leaving Fort William, and having it graded out as a straight grade: "That in the opinion of this standards board the existing practice at terminal elevators of mixing lower grades of wheat with the higher grades, is detrimental to the best interests of Manitoba and unjust to the farmer. That the government be requested to at once issue instructions to their inspectors that the wheat be inspected only the same grade it was inspected in; or where more than one grade is loaded into the hold of a vessel, no certificate be granted for a standard grade, but only for the number of bushels of each grade so loaded."

Mr. Frank Oliver, M.P. has returned to Edmonton, after attending his first session of the Dominion Parliament. However one may differ politically from Mr. Oliver's opinions as regards the larger and more general questions of the day, he has quite fulfilled the expectations of those who opposed him, as well as his supporters, as regards his active work in connection with North-West affairs. He has certainly taken hold of North-West matters in a practical way, and he is not the man to let go when once he takes hold. Party politics aside he has taken hold of North-West matters from the North-West point of view, and no North-Westerner, merely because he differs politically from Mr. Oliver, could do anything but approve of his work. Of course it remains to be seen whether the Government will carry out Mr. Oliver's very practical suggestions. —*Macleod Gazette.*

The following paragraph from the *Chicago Record* expresses a truth that is also applicable to the farm: "No nation, no community, no municipality can achieve enduring greatness and prosperity through one-sided development. The nation or the city that can boast of progress in one line only is yet far from the goal for which it should be striving." The farmer that limits his experience to the raising of grain is not building on a solid foundation. He needs to develop other resources of the soil, introduce stock and encourage the dairy industry, thus broadening his relation with commerce and gaining a wider field in which to exercise a strong and healthy influence.

Presbyterian Review: It cannot be said that the Dominion Senate has added to its reputation for good sense by refusing to remove the liquor bar from the precincts of the chamber. The resolution is a backward step which the country will note with pain and which will be set down in the long account between the people and the irresponsible body. The Senate, not being directly answerable to the people, has defied public opinion and showed itself incapable of appreciating the onward trend of events. It is but one instance of many showing the moss-grown condition of the venerable legislators. As every drop adds to the cup, the day may not be far distant when the sleepy patient may be given an awakening draught.

A sum of twenty thousand dollars has been placed in the supplementary estimates for the purpose of providing cold storage for perishable products in course of transit from Canada to Great Britain. Although this sum is only large enough to make a beginning, it is a gratifying indication of the intention of the Government in this important matter. The farmers and others whose interests will be advanced by the establishment of a comprehensive cold storage system will appreciate the action of the Minister of Agriculture in thus recognizing the need that exists, and it will also serve to keep actively alive their faith in his promise of a thorough system covering the whole journey from the prairies of the North West to the markets of Great Britain.

The *Brandon Expositor* realizes the importance of independence in politics, and remarks that "without a few members who deliberately hold themselves aloof from party organizations, or at least free to act toward their own side of the part of candid friends, no House of Commons can be regarded as advantageously constituted." Following these introductory words our contemporary eulogizes Messrs. D. Alton McCarthy and J. Ross Robertson, but has not a word to say of the many others who, during the late session of parliament, manifested equal independence in both speech and vote. The Patrons of Industry have been ridiculed, their influence denied, yet their adoption of a political platform and presentation of higher principles have aroused the electors to a realization of the apathy that was enveloping the country as a result of party domination. We hail with gladness these signs of dawning activity, when Governments will hold the reins of power no longer than they fulfill the desires of the people for honest and economical administration—not because they represent certain political views or hold within their grasp the influence of corporations and classes.

A Railway Man's Prayer.

A story is told of a Nickerson railway man, who, after conversion, was asked to lead in prayer at a revival meeting. This is the way in which he responded:—"O Lord, now that I have fledged Thee, lift up my feet from the rough road and plant them firmly on the deck of the train of salvation. Let me use the safety lamp known as prudence, make all the couplings in the train with the strong link of Thy love and let my hand leap be the Bible. And Heavenly Father, keep all switches closed that lead to the sidings, especially those with a blind end. O Lord, if it be Thy pleasure have every semaphore block along the line show the white light of hope, that I may make the run of life without stopping. And, Lord, give us the ten commandments for a schedule, and when I have finished the run on schedule time and pulled into the great station of death, may Thou, the superintendent of the universe, say, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant, come and sign the payroll and receive your cheque for eternal happiness.'"

R. BOGUE

GENERAL MERCHANT

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF STOVES.

Car of winter apples to arrive in season.

A full line of Laurance's and Lazarn's Spectacles.

R. BOGUE.

"At The Firs."

The following is an apt description of a day's outing in Saskatchewan, by a Moose Jaw Public School graduate, who is now teaching in the vicinity of Prince Albert, and will prove interesting reading for her former companions and playmates, as well as for the boys and girls who were her pupils in many of the rural schools of this district:—

The cool, gray dawn of an August Saturday was breaking over the hills and bluffs of the Saskatchewan country, when my bedroom door opened and a cheerful voice said, "Miss S— there's a whole drove of natives outside; they are going out to the 'Firs' to pick low bush cranberries, and they called to see if you would go, I sprang out of bed at once. 'I tell you I'm right in luck,' I said, 'It's not every day the descendants of the haughty western warriors will condescend to entertain white trash.' In this case I owe the invitation no doubt to the influence of the school children. 'That is quite likely,' said my hostess, 'for they are out in full force, the whole school seems to be here.' 'You must get a good breakfast, for the birds will feed you on bannock.' As a result of this warning I proceeded to 'lay in a supply,' least like Nicholas Nickleby, 'I should be inconveniently hungry when there's nothing to eat.' Outside I found a small regiment patiently awaiting my appearance. A native never objects to waiting. It is the one thing on earth he really likes to do. I find this tendency to wait prevailing in school. The young breed will lay back and wait with a vengeance until I arouse him by hinting at dark and terrible things to come if his work is hot done.

The party I am about to join consists of four women, two men and innumerable children. The children I know, but not the "grown ups," but as they are natives I infer that they are cousins and that their name is McKay. All the breeds are cousins and you will not be far wrong if, when you meet them, you smile sweetly and say "How do Mr. McKay," for if they do not boast the name McKay, their grandfather did and it's all in the family.

These McKays have a large democratic and a splendid team. It (the democrat, not the team) is filled with newly cut hatch hay. I am given a seat of honor among the seniors of the party, and the children are distributed over the hay. They sang, danced and shouted as they pleased. If one of them happened to fall out the rest yelled, "Hold on! William John Henry has fallen out," and the transfer "holds on" until the bruised and bleeding child catches up. A few cuts and bruises are nothing when the young natives are going to the "Firs."

After a drive of some fifteen miles the tall, feathery tops of the pines come into sight and soon the horses lift their heads and dash down the road cut through the forest as though they too enjoyed the delightful smell and freshness of the woods and were glad to be out for a summer holiday. The children were on the ground before we stopped, and raced away in frantic haste to gather huckleberries, winter greens, etc.

I walked through the woods in wondering surprise. Under my feet the smooth carpet of pine needles, and the bright green vines bearing the large red berries; and over head the plumelike tops of the pines waving ever before the deep blue sky. Wandering on I found new delights at every step, until the loaded bushes reminded me that I had come to the "Firs" to pick berries, and I began to fill my pail. It was late in the afternoon when I returned to camp, and the place was deserted by all save one woman, who informed me in curt native accents that Elizabeth Jane had waited for awhile, but thinking I was not coming had left my dinner ready and gone to pick berries. On a box turned up side down on some rugs, I found the evidences of

Elizabeth Jane's thoughtful care. Elizabeth Jane, let me say, is one of my fourth standard pupils. As I eat my dinner I take mental notes of my silent companion. It is no use trying to talk to her. A halfhearted will gladly talk to his children's teacher, but his wife regards us as a necessary evil. She is anxious that Matilda, Sarah Ann, and William John Henry should be taught to read and write, and she likes to see them show off at the public examinations, and thus they cannot do without a teacher. The native woman idolizes her children, and when the daughter takes a fancy to her teacher and invites her to share the festivities, the mother submits. But there she draws the line. She will not exchange any but the barest civilities with the unfortunate "skule marm." You cannot irritate her except by keeping up a running fire of questions and comments. I haven't the least desire to come to verbal blows with Elizabeth Jane's uncle's wife's cousin, so I maintain a discreet silence.

When my hunger is satisfied I lay back on my couch of soft rugs, look at my large pail of berries and feel quite at rest with the world and myself. Far off I can hear the mingled voices of the happy children. The native sings softly to her child. The pine trees whisper together as the wind gently shakes them. Care and trouble have no place here, and I soon fall into a deep and dreamless slumber.

I am awakened by the sound of merry school songs. Tired with their rambles and berry picking, the children sit around on the ground singing as only native children can sing, who live continually where forest and stream can whisper to them the eternal music of Nature.

The elders sit silent, but with pride and pleasure on every face. As Elizabeth Jane's sweet voice rings out in that sweet old Toronto University song, "Stars Trembling Over Us," her mother turns to me with shining eyes. "I do so love the children's songs," she says, "we never had a teacher before who troubled to teach them to sing." I am astonished, E. J.'s mother and I are really going to be friends.

After supper the fiddle is brought out and on a smooth space in front of the camp, the children dance in the moonlight. It is natural for the half-breeds to dance. Their ancestors have been dancing for years past. In the Highlands of Scotland the hardy mountaineers amused themselves or celebrated their victories by dancing, and at the same time the Indian's on the boundless prairies danced around their camp fires as they celebrated their festivals or tried the skill and fortitude of the warriors. It is small wonder then that these children, in whom the blood of these two races blend so harmoniously, should dance with so much ease and grace. It would be just as excusable to stop the leaves on the trees from shaking when the wind blows, as to prevent these little natives from dancing when the violin sends out its cheerful notes.

The next morning I awakened early and listened to the sound of which I never tire;—the wind among the trees. Near me lies the little school pet, "Little Ray." She sits up and looks around her. After a while it dawns on her that it is Sunday morning, and the little voice rings out in her favorite hymn, "Nearer to Thee." She does not sing alone long. One by one the children awaken and join her until the woods ring with the sound of the old new hymn.

Breakfast comes next, and then another race and tangle through the pines. When we return the birds have "struck camp." The horses are "hooked up" and we turn homeward singing hymns all the way. We arrive at Royal just in time to dress for church, and that means a good deal, for in spite of my numerous washes at the "Firs," it takes an unlimited supply of soap and water to remove the dirt.

LA PRAIRIE.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WASHBURN'S GUIDE

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures COUGHS AND COLDS

in a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCORMACK & SONS, Houchette, Que., report in a letter that Pyny-pectoral cured Mrs. C. Caroux of a chronic cold in a week and from that time, and also cured W. G. McCormack of a long-standing cold.

Mrs. J. H. HUTCH, Chemist, 23 Yonge St., Toronto, writes: "As a general cough and lung remedy Pyny-pectoral is a most valuable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having written me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottles, 25 Cts. DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. Sole Importers MONTREAL

James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER

Makes the only Red Brick in the Territories.

McEloha Street, Moose Jaw

Gentlemen!

We do not pretend to carry the world on our backs, nor have the largest stock on earth; but we can assure you that we have a complete line of the most fashionable cloth for fall and winter suitings, overcoatings, etc., that can be found in any city or country.

SLATER, the Tailor.

PHOENIX SHAVING PARLOR.

FOR FIRST CLASS

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, Seafoaming

GO TO—

H. W. Carter,

COR. MAIN & RIVER STS.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D.P. EMULSION

IN CONSUMPTION and all BRONCHITIS, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this medicine are most manifest. By the aid of the "D.P." Emulsion I have cured a patient who had been coughing for 10 years. I filled this bottle so well I was glad when the label was torn off. D. H. WIGGAM, C.E., Montreal.

Bottle and 21 per Bottle DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest — ROUTE — OLD - COUNTRY !

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL.
Sardinian—Allan Line.....Oct. 31
Norman—Allan Line.....Nov. 7
Ottoman—Dominion Line.....Oct. 31
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Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.	
All are cordially invited.	
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Everybody welcome.	
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School and Adult Classes at 2:30. Evening	
at 7. Special services Saturdays 7:30. Holy	
Baptism at any service.	
All seats free and everybody invited and	
welcome.	

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TERRITORIAL ESTIMATES FOR THE CURRENT YEAR.

Mr. Haultain's Budget Speech An Able Presentation of North-West Expenditures.

Before the Legislature a Journal on Monday, Oct. 19th, the estimates for the year ending August 31st, 1897, were laid on the table. They are as follows:

LEGISLATION.	
Indemnity and travelling ex- penses	\$ 15,500
Speaker	500
Deputy Speaker	100
Sessional writer	65
Page	50
Territorial auditor	1,800
Assistant (half salary)	450
Clerk in charge	750
Newspapers and periodicals	250
Books	750
Insurance (3 years)	125
Consolidation of ordinances	2,500
Members of Committee	5,500
Clerk	840
Stenographer during session	50
Contingencies	1,000
Telegrams, postage, telephone	1,100
Travelling expenses	1,000
Election, Edmonton electoral district, 1896	500
Elections, 1896-97	1,000
Prosecution and legal proceed- ings	750
Examinations under Legal Pro- fession ordinance	300
Maintenance of persons confined under civil process and Or- dinances	500
Law books for judges	300
Sheriffs attending Court in Blaine	75
Books and stationery for clerks and sheriffs required under Ordinances	300
Printing and stationery:— Queen's Printer, clerk in charge of stationery.	
Printing orders of the day, Bills, Ordinances, Journals Public accounts, and all other sessional papers and translation of same; the N.W.T. Gazette; all docu- ments and forms required for the office of the Execu- tive Committee.	
Books and stationery for Leg- islative Assembly and office of Executive Committee	7,500
Expenditure under the Liquor License Ordinance:— Chief License Inspector; Li- cense Inspectors; inspection of premises; travelling expenses; meetings of Com- missioners; advertising, printing, refunds.	
Outstanding accounts for 95- 96 for inspection of premis- es; travelling expenses, advertising, postage (re- voted)	7,000
Expenditure under the Ordinance respecting Births, Marriages and Deaths:— Fees, forms and stationery for Division of Registrars from Jan. 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896 (revoted) \$ 700	
Year 1896-97	1,000
Expenditure under the Hospi- tals Ordinance:— For half year ended May 31, 1896 (revoted) \$2,000	
Year 1896-97	5,000
Expenditure under agreement under Medicine Hat Gen- eral Hospital for the care and maintenance of incur- ables from May 28 to Aug. 31, 1896 \$ 3-3	
Year 1896-97	1,267
Expenditure to assist in delay- ing the cost of suppressing an outbreak of diphtheria in and around Fort Qu'Appelle to be expended by order (in order in council)	1,000
To pay the department of printing and stationery for stationery supplied in 1894	570 12
To pay outstanding accounts still unsettled to be ex- pended by order in council	750
Special grant to the widow and family of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod, C.M.G.	600
Refund to the Diocese of St. Albert (cost of private bill 1895)	100
Refund to the Calgary General Hospital (cost of private bill, 1895)	100
Refund to Levi Thompson, Wolsely, being amount of protest fees in cases of Bal- four and Elliott	20
Accountant's branch, clerical assistance	
Clerk, acting as accountant	1,000
Clerk, acting as ledger keeper	840
Clerk, acting as typewriter	720
Clerk, indexing and record- ing vouchers	720

Public Works branch:—	
Inspection of public works (including travelling ex- penses of inspectors)	6,000
Inspection of coal mines	300
Clerical assistance	600
Light and fuel	800
Carters and messengers	1,080
To pay grants to statute labor and fire districts and munici- palities	4,000
Expenditure under the Agri- cultural Societies Ordinance	3,500
Gratuity to the family of the late T. Brown, clerk in charge of public works	150
Expenditure on road and fire- guard improvements	49,092 45
Expenditure for the construc- tion and improvement of bridges	16,808 22
Expenditure for the construc- tion of dams to form reser- voirs	1,155
Expenditure for the appropri- ation of land for roads	315
Expenditure for surveys	1,765
Expenditure for repairs to pub- lic works	4,831
Expenditure for well boring	1,415
Expenditure for the destruction of wolves and coyotes	2,400
Expenditure for the destruction of gophers	1,700
Expenditure for the destruction of noxious weeds	460
Expenditure to complete assist- ance to the dairy industry	2,850
Expenditure to provide and supplement ferry accom- modation	750
Expenditure for the purchase of road making implements	4,469
Expenditure to provide grants to assist in the construc- tion of telephone lines	510
Expenditure to provide for paying of liabilities ac- crued under the vote for roads and bridges and mis- cellaneous district expendi- ture 1895-96 of which the accounts were not rendered before the end of the financial year	7,467 86
To provide for unforeseen mis- cellaneous district expendi- ture 1896-97	11,600

OFFICE OF THE COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Grants to schools:—	
Balance of June quarter, 1896, still owed	\$ 14,575 86
From July 1, 1896, to April 15, 1897	100,000
Superintendent of Education	3,000
Inspectors:— For 1, salary for 12 months; one, salary for 8 months	6,533 33
Travelling expenses	4,500
Normal school (3 1/2 years rent)	1,050
Normal school fuel and care- taker	290
Teachers institutes	160
Examinations	1,100
Printing and stationery, '96-97	1065
Telegrams postage telephone	675
Contingencies	100
Secretary to council	1,000
Ten clerks at \$300	1800
One clerk at \$450 (half salary)	450
ESTIMATED REVENUE.	
Balance in bank Aug 31 1896	\$ 6,599 38
Donation grant, 1896-97	242 879
From Territorial sources	30,000
Proportion of Dominion Grant for July and August 1897	45,000
	\$324 478 38

THE BUDGET.
On Tuesday Mr. Haultain moved the House into committee of supply. Without indulging in any arguments of a constitutional nature it was plain that the amount annually voted to us at Ottawa, for the purpose of Territorial revenue, was entirely inadequate to our requirements. From year to year estimates had been sent down. These had been treated as the custom of the late Government, and a smaller amount voted. How this smaller amount was arrived at was difficult to tell. But the result was that we could not branch out as we should. It should be remembered that the legislative functions of the Assembly were largely of the provincial character though its powers were restricted. We never had a cent for extraordinary expenditure. Centuries had arisen that showed how awkward this was. We are an integral and important part of the Dominion, and might claim the right to be as liberally treated as the people of other parts. Our population contributed even more than a per capita proportion to the Federal exchequer. A memorial would be submitted to the house in due course and it is hoped that the justice of the representations and demands made therein would commend it to favorable consideration.

THE AUDIT OFFICE.
In addition to the larger items of expenditure there were some special items. One of these was in connection with the audit office. Inestimable good had already resulted from that office. Its routine might cause delay but this would happen only when the well known rules of the department were not observed. The system of audit did away with the only remaining feature of opposition at Ottawa regarding the handing over of Federal appropriation to the Executive. Formerly the grant was voted on specific accounts for specific purposes. After wards a lump sum was voted subject to audit at Ottawa. Now it was handed over in lump sum half yearly to the credit of the North West Government.

CONSOLIDATION.
The Ordinances were sadly in need of consolidation. Their condition was shameful. This was due to unavoidable causes. In these vast Territories conditions were subject to frequent change. In harmony with such changes the laws were necessarily changed with frequency. The necessity for consolidation, therefore arose the more frequently. It was proposed to consolidate after next session and to in-

corporate the legislation of that session in the consolidation, thus covering a period of nine years. For this purpose a commission would be appointed.

CLERK OF THE EXECUTIVE

It had become necessary to provide further clerical assistance. It was thought well to appoint a "Clerk of the Executive" who would be conversant with the details of Executive work. This would secure a continuity in case of a change of Executive. It would be very awkward to have one committee go out and another come in without any knowledge at all of the business. The clerk would be a sort of a deputy head by means of which such confusion would be guarded against.

LIQUOR LICENSE EXPENDITURE.

There was a slight increase in the liquor ordinance expenditure. It was the wish of the Committee, and should be the wish of the House to make the law as efficient as possible. The people had clamored for a license system as against the system of prohibition that had existed. It was the duty of those who preferred the license system to do all in their power to make it satisfactory in its working. If the law continued to be constantly broken and evaded there should be a disposition to go back to the former system. He raised this warning as one who favored the license and was opposed to prohibition.

AID TO HOSPITALS.

This was a highly justifiable outlay. The amount was a mere drop in the bucket as compared with the expense of maintaining these institutions. An agreement had been made with the Hospital of Medicine Hat for the care of incurables. That class of patients did not properly come under the head of general hospital patients. By an order in council passed on May 28 it was decided to pay 75 cents per diem and burial expenses. Of the \$1,700 estimate, \$333 00 had already been earned under the agreement.

DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC.

A diphtheria epidemic in North Qu'Appelle district became so alarming and got so far beyond control of local authority that a health district had to be erected. It was confined chiefly to half breed families. The Mounted Police rendered valuable assistance. Owing to the comradic habits of the half breeds the government had to provide sustenance for the well in addition to the sick, in order to prevent contagion. The amount named to cover the cost was a mere estimate. The accounts would be carefully considered. A casual glance at them give him the impression that they must be cut down.

SPECIAL GRANTS.

It was unnecessary to dwell on these items rendered by the late Justice Macleod. The opinion of the House had already been expressed in a memorial to the Federal Government. The prayer of that memorial had not been recognized at Ottawa and therefore this House stood committed. The position was that Justice Macleod had died in 1894 leaving his family absolutely penniless and dependent. This was a scandal to the people of this country as well as to parliament. The only support of the family at present was the wages earned by one of the daughters and the interest on a sum of money that had been collected. He (Mr. Haultain) had a strong personal feeling in this matter which perhaps could not be properly expressed here. There was also an item of gratuity to the family of the late Thomas Brown. Mr. Brown was a faithful and efficient public servant who had died in harness. He had left two little boys who were dependent on relatives.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The old system of conducting public works had not lived its usefulness. It had had its supporters and its critics. The criticisms, however, were largely theoretical. It was of course open to be abused, but nevertheless it was in its time the most practicable. It required no army of officials to administer it. It was not necessary to dwell upon this. The House had been unanimous in support of that system. The House had practically forced its continuance and any evils that had resulted were due to that attitude. He did not care to put himself in a position to incur the censure of the House by opposing its will in the matter.

But the old system had come to an end. It had not been honestly administered in all instances. No system was better than those upon whom its operation depended. Like a chain it could not be stronger than its weakest link, and the weak link was an individual. Instead of having each M.L.A. go home with \$3,000 practically in his pocket to be spent as he pleased and in disregard of actual requirements, there would now be specific votes for specific works. Each member was supposed to give a detailed statement of necessary public works in his district. The expenditure of the money would be entirely in the hands of the Executive. He had no desire to cast undue reflection upon those who had performed in their respective constituencies the duty of engineer, surveyor, inspector, etc. But they would

now be relieved of such duties and responsibilities, but would of course be consulted. The ultimate and immediate responsibility would be upon the Executive. More work would now be obtained for the money and the people would learn to depend more upon themselves for the smaller works. The duty of elaborating the details of the new system would devolve upon his colleague from Moose Jaw, Mr. Ross.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The matter of roads and bridges was insignificant as compared with the schools. In no other part of the Dominion are the grants as liberal or better results produced. The year would be divided into three terms in respect to grants. One would expire on April 15th; another on August 31st; and the last on December 31st. This would be more convenient for various reasons and no inconvenience would arise from it. The estimate was a liberal one and was made in anticipation of continued increase in the number of schools. It was necessary, however, to draw the lines tighter in this respect.

This was a "closing up" year. We were getting rid of old systems and introducing new ones. The new plans tended to promote honest administration and to prevent recurrence of disgraceful failures. The different items could be more fully discussed in committee.

Dr. Brett said he did not rise to oppose the slightly revised bill of fare that had just been presented. It was not easy to make wide or startling improvements. It would occur to many that the yearly prizing to Ottawa should produce some result. But the estimates from year to year were practically the same. It was difficult to discuss the two larger items—schools and public works—because no reports had been published. The House was entitled to more information. There was a time when we had a Board of Education controlled by the House and irresponsible; yet that Board extended the courtesy of an annual report giving fullest details. Surely it was more imperative that such information should be given now seeing that the expenditure was subject to the approval of the House. It was little short of a farce to go on in this way. The reply would probably be that there was no funds for the purpose of publishing reports. If this were true some other means should be found for giving the necessary information. But surely reasonable excuse could be advanced to show why the public accounts had not been printed. We had gone on without these for three years. The House was groping in the dark and taking everything for granted. They had no means of deciding intelligently whether or not they were in accord with what was being done.

Mr. Ross, replying to Dr. Brett, said that an educational report such as presented by the old board of education would afford no valuable information. In those the schools were all ranked "fair," "good," "excellent," etc. He thought it was more incumbent upon the board to make reports because of their irresponsible relation to the House. At present the Executive was fully responsible for every dollar. It would, he admitted, be better to have such reports issued regularly. It was intended to do so last year, including with the report portions of the ordinance and regulations. But the disallowance of the school ordinance caused a delay. A report would shortly be issued.

There was, he contended, nothing new in what Dr. Brett had said in reference to public works. The defects of the old system were conceded by all. He (Mr. Ross) had been in the House thirteen years and could say from experience and observation that as a rule the work had been done well considering the small sums that were at first available. The change had come none too soon. But the House rather than the country had to be educated to it. The expenses under the new system would not exceed six per cent. Had it been inaugurated sooner it would probably be unsuccessful on account of the want of general agreement as to the necessity for such a change. Instead of a general rush being made upon the members for a share of the money, parties would have to first show the necessity for any particular work, and the member of course would "give it his most careful attention."

Regarding the Territorial Exhibition all regretted the delay in settling accounts. Sir Oliver Mowat had promised that all just claims would be paid. This indicated investigation. The Government, it was true, had put something in the estimates for it, but owing to unfortunate differences of opinion that arose there, the estimates referred to did not pass. The member for Banff had been lenient in his criticisms and his remarks did not call for anything but a similarly moderate reply.

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EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT REUBEN E. TRUAX



Hon. Reuben E. Truax, one of Canada's ablest thinkers and statesmen, a man so highly esteemed by the people of his district that he was honored with a seat in Parliament, kindly furnishes us for publication the following statement, which will be most welcome to the public, inasmuch as it is one in which all will place implicit confidence. Mr. Truax says:

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